

We are Geographers!

Throughout Key Stage 2 we will have the opportunity to gain a broad variety of skills and expand our knowledge through our geographical studies.

Through our studies of The human and physical geography of Britain we will develop the following geographical skills and knowledge:				
Knowledge	Skills			
	Skills Use correct geographical words to describe a place and the events that happen there. Identify key features of a locality by using a map. Begin to use 4 figure grid references. Accurately plot NSEW on a map. Use some basic OS map symbols. Make accurate measurement of distances within 100Km. Use maps and atlases appropriately by using contents and indexes. Confidently describe physical features in a locality. Recognise the 8 points of the compass. Confidently describe human features in a locality. Explain why a locality has certain human features. Explain why a place is like it is. Carry out a survey to discover features of cities and villages.			
	 Plan a journey to a place in England. Describe the main features of a well-known city. Describe the main features of a village. Describe the main physical differences between cities and villages. Explain why people are attracted to live in cities. Explain why people may choose to live in a village rather than a city. Explain the difference between the British Isles, Great Britain and UK. Name up to six cities in the UK and locate them on a map. Locate and name some of the main islands that surround the UK. Name the areas of origin of the main ethnic groups in the UK & in their school. 			



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	vsical geography of Europe (including the Arctic) we will develop the following geographical skills and knowledge
Knowledge	Skills
1. The Arctic 1.	 Find the same place on a globe and in an atlas.
2. The Arctic 2.	 Label the same features on an aerial photograph as on a map.
3. Climate in Europe.	Accurately measure and collect information.
4. Tectonics (volcanoes).	 Use appropriate symbols to represent different physical features on a map.
5. Rivers and settlements of Europe.	 Explain how a locality has changed over time with reference to human features.
6. Globalisation.	Find different views about an environmental issues.
	 Suggest different ways that a locality could be changed and improved.
	Name the countries that make up the European Union.
	Describe how volcanoes are created.
	 Describe how volcanoes have an impact on people's lives.
	 Explain how the lives of people living in the Mediterranean would be different from their own.
	Name a number of countries in the Northern Hemisphere.
	 Locate and name some of the world's most famous volcanoes.
	Name and locate some well-known European countries.
	 Name and locate the capital cities of neighbouring European countries.
	 Aware of different weather in different parts of the world, especially Europe.
	 Locate the Mediterranean and explain why it is a popular holiday destination.
	Explain why many cities of the world are situated by rivers.
	Explain why people are attracted to live by rivers.
	 Name and locate many of the world's major rivers on maps.
	 Name and locate many of the world's most famous mountain regions on maps.



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Through our studies of **The human and physical geography of North and South America including The Pacific** we will develop the following geographical skills and knowledge:

skills and knowledge:		
Knowledge	Skills	
 Oceans. Tectonics (earthquakes). Agriculture. Rainforests. Population. Antarctic and Patagonia. 	 Collect information about a place and use it in a report. Map land use. Find possible answers to their own geographical questions. Make detailed sketches and plans; improving their accuracy later. Plan a journey to a place in another part of the world, taking account of distance and time. Explain how a location fits into its wider geographical location; with reference to physical features. Explain how the water cycle works. Explain why water is such a valuable commodity. Explain how a location fits into its wider geographical location; with reference to human and economical features. Explain what a place might be like in the future, taking account of issues impacting on human features. Identify and name the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn as well as the Arctic and Antarctic circles. 	



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Through our studies of Extreme Earth, we will develop the following geographical skills and knowledge:			
Knowledge	Skills		
1. Climate change.	•	Confidently explain scale and use maps with a range of scales.	
2. The distribution of water across the	•	Choose the best way to collect information needed and decide the most appropriate units of measure.	
world.	•	Make careful measurements and use the data.	
3. Extreme weather conditions including	•	Use OS maps to answer questions.	
tsunamis, tornadoes and blizzards.	•	Use maps, aerial photos, plans and web resources to describe what a locality might be like.	
4. Recycling.	•	Give extended descriptions of the physical features of different places around the world.	
5. Tectonics (Earthquakes).	•	Describe how some places are similar and others are different in relation to their human features.	
	•	Accurately use a 4 figure grid reference.	
	•	Create sketch maps when carrying out a field study.	
	•	Give an extended description of the human features of different places around the world.	
	•	Map land use with their own criteria.	
	•	Describe how some places are similar and others are different in relation to their physical features.	
	•	Recognise key symbols used on ordnance survey maps.	
	•	Name the largest desert in the world.	
	•	Identify and name the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn as well as the Arctic and Antarctic circles.	
	•	Locate the Tropic of Cancer and the Tropic of Capricorn.	
	•	Explain how the time zones work.	
	•	Locate the USA and Canada on a world map and atlas.	
	•	Locate and name the main countries in South America on a world map and atlas.	
	•	Describe how earthquakes are created.	